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In addition, it provides several new duties for the Subversive Activities Control Board, whose \$26,000-a-year members handle security screenings for had been left with almost noth-virtually all Federal agencies. ing to do by the recent Supreme Court decisions.

Board's Life Extended

Congress last session acted to ist. extend the life of the board until June 30, 1969, but it would review anti-subversive laws. have to go out of business then: One recommendation calls for

the present Smith Act sanctions forming its duties or overstepagainst advocating "forcible ping the bounds of its authority. overthrow" of the Federal Gov. This is expressly aimed at ernment or any city or state be heading off the law suits that made to apply in times of "na-civil liberties groups have filed tional emergency" as well as in challenging the House, Unactual wartime.

This would presumably make it possible to extend the harsher penalties of the Smith Act-20 states greater scope to enact. years imprisonment, \$20,000 fine their own anti-subversive legis--to persons convicted of foment-lation-"to remove the Supreme ing riots in slums.

Zealous Inquiries

subcommittee has been zealous explained—and limit the power recently in seeking out evidence of courts to review decisions of that the riots are the fruit of a tre Subversive Activities Con-Black Power and New Left con-trol Board.

dations have been incorporated requested last month to outlaw in a bill to be presented early travel to blacklisted countries. next month by Senator Eastland (D., Miss.,) the subcommittee chairman.

terday, in a Senate statement United States" should be alcould not constitutionally be States. barred from working in defense plants.

10 Senators Back It

A draft of the bill has already been circulated to some 47 sen-ators, and, according to a member of Eastland's staff, credentials. about 10 have so far agreed to back it.

The subcommittee report is Security card be made a crime. careful to disavow any intention to "challenge" the Supreme plained as as a way to insure Court and to disclaim any "at-quick expulsion of any foreign

its keynote the statement of Eastland's spokesman

Whenever any law for the evidence" that he is spying! protection of our national security is stricken down by a court decision. Congress has the res-

The main recommendations in the report are the following:

1. Create a new agency called a central security office, to This new agency would supplement, not supplant the various security offices that already ex-

2. Limit power of courts to

unless it hears at least two a provision barring Federal cases during the present year, courts from deciding whether a There is also a provision that congressional committee is per-American Activities Committee.

Gives States More Scope

Other proposals would give Court as an appellate court for local internal security meas-The Senate internal security ures," a spokesman for Eastland

3. Give the Secretary of State The subcommittee recommenthe authority the Administration

Another aspect of passport control recommended by the subcommittee provides that no Eastland began a drive on person "who refuses to swear in which he pointed specifically lowed to use any document to the Supreme Court's Decem-"which identifies him as one ber 11 ruling that Communists bearing allegiance to the United

Right Name On Passport

4. Require that all foreign diplomats, embassy employees or members of foreign missions

Related to this is a proposal that carrying a false Social

These measures were extempt to reverse any decision embassy people suspected of of the court." spying. Most embassy spies use But the report also takes as aliases as a matter of course, purpose Eastland delivered plained. Under this proposal the when the subcommittee took up mere discovery of a suspect the question nearly two years with a false name on his passport would be "prima facie

Eastland's Bill Would Put Back Teeth That High Court Pulled

By OSWALD JOHNSTON

[Washington Bureau of The Sun] Washington, Jan. 27—The Senate Internal Security subcommittee has laid the founda-!

tion for the most sweeping subversive control act in nearly twenty years.

In a report made public here roday, the committee expressly seeks to reinstate most of the security statutes the Supreme Court has struck down as unconstitutional in recent years.

But many proposals seem designed to make the surviving portions of the 1940 Smith Act and the 1950 Subversive Activities Control Act even stiffer behalf of the new measure yes or affirm his allegiance to the than they were when first enacted.

Limits On Courts' Power

They include stricter controls on passports and travel, broader powers for congressional committee investigators and explicit limitations on the power of courts-especially the Supreme Court-to upset Federal and state security measures and loyalty oaths.

At least 3 of the 36 recommendations put forward by the committee are expressly designed to encourage informants such as Otto Otepka, the State Department security officer who was demoted for handing over confidential department records to the Internal Security subcommittee.

The report also calls for establishment of a new Federal agency devoted entirely to coordinating security control in all existing agencies.